## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FILED



for the

	Eastern District o	f California	FEB 1 U 2020
United States of America			CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORN
	)		BY DEPUTY CLERK
<b>v.</b>	)	Case No. 2:20-mj-000	22.27
JOSE LUIS SANCHEZ MENDOZ	ZA )	Cuse No. 2.20-iij voo	752 CRB
Defendant	)		
ORDER O	F DETENTIO	N PENDING TRIAI	L
I	Part I - Eligibility	for Detention	
Upon the			
Motion of the Government at	torney pursuant to	18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1). o	ır
Motion of the Government or	• •	• ,,,,,	
the Court held a detention hearing and found		•	
and conclusions of law, as required by 18 U.S	S.C. § 3142(i), in ac	ddition to any other findir	ngs made at the hearing.
Part II - Findings of	Fact and Law as	to Presumptions under	§ 3142(e)
A. Rebuttable Presumption Arises U	nder 18 U.S.C. § 3	3142(e)(2) (previous violator	·): There is a rebuttable
presumption that no condition or combinand the community because the following			the safety of any other person
(1) the defendant is charged with	•		8 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1):
(a) a crime of violence, a v		-	
		•	ears or more is prescribed; or
(b) an offense for which th		•	•
(c) an offense for which a	maximum term of i	mprisonment of 10 years	or more is prescribed in the
Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or			stances Import and Export Act §§ 70501-70508); or
(d) any felony if such person	on has been convict	ted of two or more offens	es described in subparagraphs
	(a) through (c) of	this paragraph if a circum	s that would have been offenses astance giving rise to Federal
(e) any felony that is not of			
(i) a minor victim; (ii) the property (iii) any other dangerous w			(as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921); U.S.C. § 2250; and
(2) the defendant has previously	been convicted of	a Federal offense that is	described in 18 U.S.C.
§ 3142(f)(1), or of a State or loc to Federal jurisdiction had existe		ld have been such an offe	ense if a circumstance giving rise
(3) the offense described in para		which the defendant has	been convicted was
committed while the defendant v			

(4) a period of not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.

AO 472 (Rev. 11/16) Order of Detention Pending Tri	AO 472	2 (Rev. 11/1)	Order	of Detention	Pending	Tria
--	--------	---------------	-------	--------------	---------	------

B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is	a
rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the decommitted are or more of the following offenses:	
committed one or more of the following offenses:  (1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the	
Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);	t (21
(2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b;	
(3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 1 or more is prescribed;	0 years
(4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or	term of
(5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2242 (2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(a)(3), 2252A(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(	
C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above	
The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention in ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.)	S
OR	
The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.	
Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention	
Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention  After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:	hearing,
After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention	
After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:  By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably	assure
After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:  By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably the safety of any other person and the community.  By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably as	assure
After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:  By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably the safety of any other person and the community.  By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably as the defendant's appearance as required.  In addition to any findings made on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following:	assure
After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:  By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably the safety of any other person and the community.  By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably as the defendant's appearance as required.  In addition to any findings made on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following:	assure
After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:  By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably the safety of any other person and the community.  By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably as the defendant's appearance as required.  In addition to any findings made on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following:  Weight of evidence against the defendant is strong  Subject to lengthy period of incarceration if convicted	assure
After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:  By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably the safety of any other person and the community.  By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably as the defendant's appearance as required.  In addition to any findings made on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following:  Weight of evidence against the defendant is strong  Subject to lengthy period of incarceration if convicted  Prior criminal history	assure
After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:  By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably the safety of any other person and the community.  By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably as the defendant's appearance as required.  In addition to any findings made on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following:  Weight of evidence against the defendant is strong  Subject to lengthy period of incarceration if convicted  Prior criminal history  Participation in criminal activity while on probation, parole, or supervision	assure
After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:  By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably the safety of any other person and the community.  By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably as the defendant's appearance as required.  In addition to any findings made on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following:  Weight of evidence against the defendant is strong  Subject to lengthy period of incarceration if convicted  Prior criminal history	assure
After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:  By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably the safety of any other person and the community.  By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably as the defendant's appearance as required.  In addition to any findings made on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following:  Weight of evidence against the defendant is strong Subject to lengthy period of incarceration if convicted Prior criminal history  Participation in criminal activity while on probation, parole, or supervision  History of violence or use of weapons  History of alcohol or substance abuse	assure
After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:  By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably the safety of any other person and the community.  By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably as the defendant's appearance as required.  In addition to any findings made on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following:  Weight of evidence against the defendant is strong  Subject to lengthy period of incarceration if convicted  Prior criminal history  Participation in criminal activity while on probation, parole, or supervision  History of violence or use of weapons  History of alcohol or substance abuse  Lack of stable employment	assure
After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:  By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably the safety of any other person and the community.  By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably as the defendant's appearance as required.  In addition to any findings made on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following:  Weight of evidence against the defendant is strong Subject to lengthy period of incarceration if convicted Prior criminal history  Participation in criminal activity while on probation, parole, or supervision  History of violence or use of weapons  History of alcohol or substance abuse	assure
After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:  By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably the safety of any other person and the community.  By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably as the defendant's appearance as required.  In addition to any findings made on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following:  Weight of evidence against the defendant is strong  Subject to lengthy period of incarceration if convicted  Prior criminal history  Participation in criminal activity while on probation, parole, or supervision  History of violence or use of weapons  History of alcohol or substance abuse  Lack of stable employment  Cack of stable residence	assure

## Case 2:20-cr-00038-KJM Document 5 Filed 02/10/20 Page 3 of 3

Significant family or other ties outside the United States

Lack of legal status in the United States

Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of incarceration

Prior failure to appear in court as ordered

Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement

Use of alias(es) or false documents

Background information unknown or unverified

Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release

## OTHER REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATION:

AO 472 (Rev. 11/16) Order of Detention Pending Trial

## Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention

The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

Date:	2/10/2020	(ashbelon	
		Honorable Carolyn K. Delaney, United States Magistrate Judge	